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(CBCS)

(4th Semester)

SOCIOLOGY

FOURTH PAPER

(Sociology of Indian Society—II)

Full Marks : 75

Time : 3 hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions

(SECTION : A—OBJECTIVE)

(Marks : 10)

Tick (✓) the correct answer in the brackets provided :

1×10=10

1. Who said 'co-residentiality' is an important ingredient of jointness in the term 'joint family'?

- (a) I. P. Desai () (b) Irawati Karve ()
(c) T. N. Madan () (d) S. C. Dube ()

2. Kinship relations established through marriage are called

- (a) consanguineous kinship () (b) affinal kinship ()
(c) biological kinship () (d) fictive kinship ()

3. Muslim marriage held according to the stipulated Islamic rules is called

- (a) Sahi Nikah () (b) Batil Nikah ()
(c) Fasid Nikah () (d) Muta marriage ()

4. The Indian Christian Marriage Act, 1872 prescribes

- (a) polygamy ()
(b) polyandry ()
(c) monogamy ()
(d) both monogamy and polygyny ()
5. Which of the following is not a feature of caste system in India?
(a) Caste is determined by birth ()
(b) Caste groups are endogamous ()
(c) Caste groups are arranged hierarchically ()
(d) Caste groups are exogamous ()
6. Which of the following Articles abolishes untouchability?
(a) Article 17 () (b) Article 370 ()
(c) Article 18 () (d) Article 19 ()
7. Which of the following is a major issue faced by many tribal communities concerning their land and resources?
(a) Industrial pollution () (b) Air pollution ()
(c) Land alienation () (d) Scarcity of water ()
8. According to the 2011 census, the Scheduled Tribes population constitutes
(a) 9.6% () (b) 16.8% ()
(c) 12.6% () (d) 8.6% ()
9. When workers get jobs only for a certain period of the year, it is called
(a) cyclical unemployment ()
(b) seasonal unemployment ()
(c) chronic unemployment ()
(d) disguised unemployment ()
10. Communalism in India is mostly associated with
(a) race () (b) tribes ()
(c) region () (d) religion ()

(SECTION : B—SHORT ANSWERS)

(Marks : 15)

Answer the following :

3×5=15

UNIT—I

1. Define kinship.

OR

2. Write any three forces of change in the joint family system.

UNIT—II

3. What are the main objectives of Hindu marriage?

OR

4. Write any three changes that have occurred in the marriage system in India.

UNIT—III

5. What is untouchability?

OR

6. Explain how education brought about changes in the caste system.

UNIT—IV

7. What are the different tribal zones in India?

OR

8. Briefly explain any three modern factors responsible for tribal transformation in India.

UNIT—V

9. Define corruption.

OR

10. Briefly explain any three causes of poverty in India.

(SECTION : C—DESCRIPTIVE)

(Marks : 50)

Answer the following :

10×5=50

UNIT—I

1. Define joint family. Discuss the characteristics of the traditional joint family system in India.

OR

2. Examine the changing scenario of family in India.

UNIT—II

3. Discuss the system of marriage among the Muslims in India.

OR

4. Discuss the system of marriage among the Christians in India.

UNIT—III

5. Define caste and discuss the features of a caste system.

OR

6. Give an account of the different perspectives in the study of caste system.

UNIT—IV

7. Examine the colonial policies towards tribes in India.

OR

8. Give an account of the problems of integration among the tribes in India.

UNIT—V

9. What is unemployment? Discuss the types of unemployment.

OR

10. Define communalism. Highlight the measures to eradicate unemployment.

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