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(CBCS)

(5th Semester)

HISTORY

SIXTH PAPER

(**Historiography**)

Full Marks : 75

Time : 3 hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions

(**SECTION : A—OBJECTIVE**)

(*Marks : 10*)

Tick (✓) the correct answer in the brackets provided :

1×10=10

1. The word 'history' is derived from *Istoria* which is a

- (a) Greek word () (b) Latin word ()
(c) French word () (d) Spanish word ()

2. The method that consists of collection of data through observation and experimentation, formulation and testing of hypothesis is called

- (a) scientific information ()
(b) scientific method ()
(c) empirical method ()
(d) practical knowledge ()

3. Generalizations also enable the historian to establish new connections between
 - (a) old, known facts ()
 - (b) new facts ()
 - (c) unrelated facts ()
 - (d) time and space ()
4. The difference between History and Economics lies in their approach towards
 - (a) economy ()
 - (b) society ()
 - (c) politics ()
 - (d) law ()
5. The famous book written by Herodotus is
 - (a) *Iliad* ()
 - (b) *Indica* ()
 - (c) *Odyssey* ()
 - (d) *The Histories* ()
6. The Roman historiography was highly
 - (a) pragmatic ()
 - (b) accurate ()
 - (c) dramatic ()
 - (d) systematic ()
7. Who was the author of *The City of God* ?
 - (a) St. Augustine ()
 - (b) Lord Acton ()
 - (c) David Hume ()
 - (d) Saint-Simon ()
8. Who is considered as the father of empirical historiography and credited with the beginning of modern historiography?
 - (a) Voltaire ()
 - (b) Edward Gibbon ()
 - (c) Niebuhr ()
 - (d) Leopold von Ranke ()
9. Which Marxist historian gave a new definition of history in India?
 - (a) R. S. Sharma ()
 - (b) D. D. Kosambi ()
 - (c) Romila Thapar ()
 - (d) Ibn Batuta ()
10. The Nationalist historiography received its greatest impetus from the sentiment of
 - (a) communalism ()
 - (b) scholarship ()
 - (c) antipathy ()
 - (d) nationalism ()

(SECTION : B—SHORT ANSWERS)

(Marks : 15)

Answer the following questions :

3×5=15

UNIT—I

1. Write a short note on History and Anthropology.

OR

2. What is social history?

UNIT—II

3. Write a short note on archaeological sources.

OR

4. What are primary sources and secondary sources?

UNIT—III

5. What do you know about Itihasa-Purana tradition?

OR

6. What is the Tso tradition?

UNIT—IV

7. Write a note on the Annals historiography.

OR

8. Who was Karl Marx?

UNIT—V

9. Who is R. C. Dutt?

OR

10. What do you mean by historical materialism?

(SECTION : C—DESCRIPTIVE)

(Marks : 50)

Answer the following questions :

10×5=50

UNIT—I

1. What is History? Discuss the nature of history.

OR

2. What is the relationship between History with Economics and Political Science?

UNIT—II

3. What is causation in history?

OR

4. What are the sources of history?

UNIT—III

5. What are the chief features of Greek historical writing?

OR

6. Discuss the main features of ancient Indian historical writings.

UNIT—IV

7. What do you know about medieval Western tradition of history writing?

OR

8. Write an essay on the positivistic history.

UNIT—V

9. Discuss the influences of Marxist historiography on Indian writing.

OR

10. What do you understand by the term Subaltern? How did the subaltern studies begin in India?

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